

Logic and Accuracy Testing

Texas Secretary of State

Ryan Jimenez, Erik Buntin, David Velez-Perez

Logic and Accuracy Testing

- The general custodian of election records shall conduct both a Logic and Accuracy Test and a Test of Tabulation Equipment
- Logic and Accuracy Test: Prior to the commencement of voting and no later than 48 hours before voting begins on the equipment, the designated general custodian of election records shall conduct the public Logic and Accuracy Test (Sec. 129.023)
- The general custodian must also demonstrate, using a representative sample of the voting system equipment, that the source code of the equipment has not been altered (Sec. 129.023(c-1))

Test of Tabulation Equipment

- Test of Tabulation Equipment: The tabulation supervisor and counting station manager of the central counting station shall prepare and test the central accumulator system three times as required by Chapter 127, Subchapter D. The test shall be conducted as part of the Logic and Accuracy Test. The test shall be conducted three times for each election
 - The first test shall be conducted at least 48 hours before the automatic tabulating equipment is used to count ballots voted in the election. The first test is open to the public. (Sec. 127.096(b))
 - The second test shall be conducted immediately before the counting of ballots with the equipment begins.
 - The third test shall be conducted immediately after the counting of ballots with the equipment is completed.

Sec. 127.093



Notice Requirements

- Public notice of the L&A test must be published on the county's Internet website, if the county maintains an Internet website, or on the bulletin board used for posting notice of meetings of the commissioners court if the county does not maintain an Internet website, at least 48 hours before the test begins, and the test must be open to the public. (Sec. 129.023)
- If the L&A test is being conducted for a primary election, the general custodian must notify the county chair at least 48 hours before the date of the test. (Sec. 129.023(b-1)). If the test is being conducted for an election in which a county election board has been established, the general custodian of election records shall notify each member of the board of the test at least 48 hours before the date of the test. (Sec. 129.023(b-2))
- The general custodian of election records shall publish notice for the Test of Tabulation
 Equipment. The notice must include the date, hour, and place of the first test conducted under
 Section 127.093(b) in a newspaper, as provided by general law for official publications by political
 subdivisions, at least 48 hours before the date of the test. (This is the same notice as your public
 L&A test.) (Sec. 127.096(a))

Records Retention

- On completing each test, the general custodian of election records shall place the
 test materials in a container provided for that purpose and seal the container in a
 manner that prevents opening without breaking the seal. The general custodian
 and at least two members of the testing board shall sign the seal.
- The test materials shall remain sealed for the period for preserving the precinct election records (22 months). (Secs. 66.058, 129.024)





Hash Validation



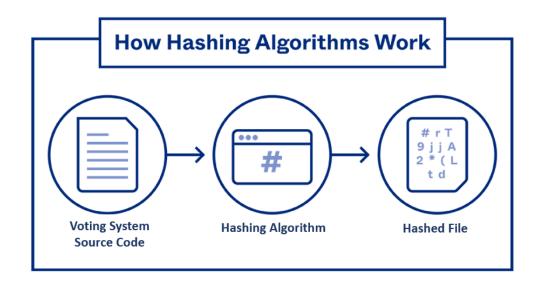


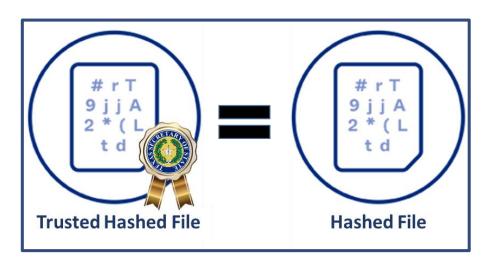
Four types of voting system testing shall be performed for each election

- 1. Hardware Diagnostic Test (Chapter 129, Subchapter B)
- 2. Hash Validation/Logic and Accuracy (L&A) Test (Chapter 129, Subchapter B)
- 3. Testing of Tabulation Equipment (Chapter 127, Subchapter D)
- 4. Post-Election Audit (Partial Manual Count) (Chapter 127, Subchapter H)

What is a Hash?

- A hash is a mathematical function that, when applied to a file, creates a unique string of letters and numbers.
- A specific hashing algorithm will always create the same string.
- This method allows vendors and elections officials to compare a hash generated by the voting system to a trusted hash provided by the SOS or the Election Assistance Commission (EAC)
- If the hash values are identical, the process confirms that the voting system and its source code has not been altered.





Hash Validation Requirements

- Each county and entity conducting an election must perform hash validation for every election.
- Entities must perform hash validation in conjunction with the Public L&A testing.
- Hash validation must be performed prior to casting of test ballots.
- Hash validation test must be successful in order to proceed with L&A testing.

Representative Sample

At least one piece of equipment per device type and version.

- Election Management Computers
- Ballot Marking Devices (to include for accessible use)
- Ballot Scanners (precinct)
- Central Scanners
- Tabulation computers











Hash Validation Assurance

Trusted Hash Values have been previously validated three times:

- 1. Hash values are generated and confirmed by independent lab testing
- 2. Hash values are generated and confirmed during state certification testing
- Hash values are generated and confirmed during Acceptance Testing (TEC, Chapter 129.021)

You will be able to verify integrity by confirming two factors:

- 1. Trusted hash files came from a trusted source.
- 2. The file comparison between the trusted files and the generated files is **an exact match**.

NOTE: A voting system that is unable to generate a hash value to verify the programming cannot meet this requirement and therefore will not be certified by the SOS. (Secs. 122.003, 122.032).

Resources Used for Testing

Dedicated Testing Computer/Laptop

- 1. It should not be connected to the Internet during testing.
- 2. It should not be used for any purposes other than testing.

USB Drives/Media Sticks

- 1. Vendor-provided USB Media is preferred and highly recommended.
- 2. New/Unused USB Sticks are recommended to be used for this purpose.

File Integrity/Hashing Tool

- 1. Software must be from an independent, and preferably, open source.*
- 2. Software must be able to operate offline with no connection to the Internet.

Open Source means that the software and its source code are openly available to the public.

Procedures Overview for Hash Validation

- 1. Obtain trusted hashes from the Secretary of State.
- 2. Contact your voting system vendor for instructions on how to generate hashes and how to perform the comparison with the trusted hashes.
- 3. Generate a hash from a representative sample of the voting system equipment.
- 4. Identify the files corresponding to the equipment you are testing.
- Compare the generated hashes to the trusted hashes provided by the SOS or the EAC to verify that those hashes are identical.
- 6. If the generated hash and the trusted hash are identical, the test is successful.

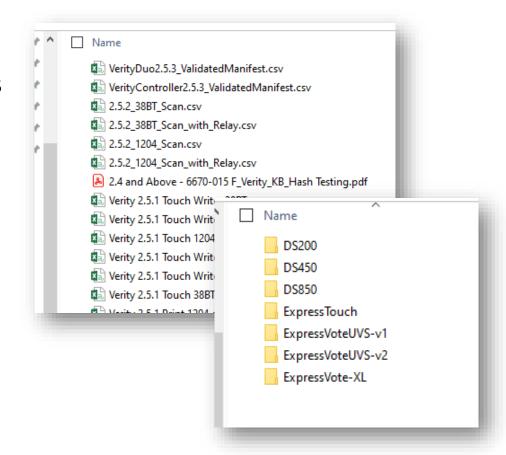
Obtaining Trusted Hashes

- 1. In order to compare hashes, you must first obtain the trusted hashes from the SOS. When requesting hashes, please send the following information to the SOS at ElectionSecurity@sos.texas.gov:
 - a. Voting System Vendor (Hart or ES&S)
 - b. Vendor Specific Software Version (Verity 2.X, EVS 6.X.X.X, etc.)
- You will receive two e-mail messages. The first one includes an encrypted, password protected compressed folder. The decrypting passcode will be included in the second e-mail message.
- 3. Download the encrypted file to your computer or an external storage device in order to extract and obtain the folder containing the trusted hashes.
- 4. In order to extract and gain access to the files, enter the **passcode provided** in the second e-mail message.
- 5. Once extracted, transfer the trusted hash files to the designated computer where the comparison will be performed.



Generating your Equipment Hashes

- 1. Follow your vendor-provided specific instructions when generating the hashes. Hash generation procedures vary depending on the software version, equipment, and vendor. Typically, a file containing the hashes is generated on the voting system and exported to an external drive for comparison.
- 2. Transfer the files to the dedicated computer or laptop to perform the validation.
- 3. Identify the files specific to your equipment inside the folder with the trusted hashes. Consult your vendor for assistance in this step, if needed.



Performing the Comparison

- 1. Perform your hash comparison of the string of characters from your generated hash against the string of characters from your trusted hash.
- 2. Each determined device must be tested individually.
- 3. To ensure accuracy, we recommend a software tool to perform the comparison. (i.e., file integrity checker, hashing tool)
- 4. If the two sets of characters are identical, then the hash validation is successful.
- 5. If the comparison **does not match**, verify that you are using the correct hashed files, check your method instructions, request assistance from your vendor, or contact our office at ElectionSecurity@sos.texas.gov.
- 6. Create a record of the test results and maintain it with the corresponding test records. (printed or PDF report, screenshot, printout, photo, etc.)

File Integrity Checkers

- Several counties have identified freeware* products that have been effective when comparing files for the purpose of hash validation.
- Such products might not be compatible to use with all voting systems' methods of hash comparison.
- It is your responsibility to verify and investigate software before you download and install it on your dedicated testing computer.
- Please consult your IT security personnel for guidance concerning the use of freeware for this purpose.
- EAC has published a list of available file checkers: https://www.makeuseof.com/tag/free-hash-checkers-file-integrity/?newsletter_popup=1.

"Freeware" is a program or software that is available free of cost.

Trusted Hash Files

• If your voting system's version has not changed from the last time you obtained trusted hashes from the SOS, you may utilize the same files to perform the hash validation testing. You may submit another request if the previous files are unavailable.

Voting Systems Certification

- A voting system that is unable to generate a hash value to verify the programming cannot meet this requirement and therefore will not be certified by the SOS. (Secs. 122.003, 122.032).
- Voting system vendors are aware of this statutory requirement and must provide their customers with documentation that outlines the procedures for generating a hash from their system.

Records Management

• The materials and results of the hash validation portion of the test must be stored with the testing materials corresponding to that election and may be subject to the corresponding retention periods. These may include media drives, digital (screenshots, computer generated reports, etc.) or printed copies of the results.



Certification Of Hash Validation, Public Logic And Accuracy Test And First Test Of Automatic Tabulating Equipment

This **NEW** form will certify that Hash Validation was conducted.

- Name and Date of the Election
- Name, Model and Version Number of devices tested
- Serial Number of each device tested
- Completion time and date of successful test
- Presiding Judge of Central Count information
- General Custodian of Election Records information

Prescribed by Secretary of State Section 127.092, 127.093(b), 127.094, 127.095, 127.096, 127.097, 127.1231, 129.023, Texas

CERTIFICATION OF PUBLIC LOGIC AND ACCURACY TEST, HASH VALIDATION AND FIRST TEST OF AUTOMATIC TABULATING FOUIPMENT

AND FIRST TEST OF AUTOM	MIIC IA	IDULA	IIII4G EG	COIL	-141
We, the Presiding Judge of the Central Counting S	Station and	the Ger	neral Custi	odian of	Election
Records, do hereby certify that the hash validation	comparis	on, Publ	ic Logic ar	nd Accur	racy Test and the
First Test of the Automatic Tabulating Equipment t	to be used	to count	the ballot	s for the	
Election 1	to be held	on	1 1		was conducted
(name of election)			late of elec	ction)	# 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
using a predetermined number of valid votes for as the ballot for the election. Each contest position, a voted and was accurately counted. Each type of discenners and/or central scanners, whichever is ap- also contained ballots with overvotes, ballots with- multi-candidate races, provisional votes and write- representative sample of voting system equipment that the source code of the equipment has not bee in the voting system are pertinent to the most currirom the Secretary of State's office prior to the Put Vendor:	as well as a device that aplicable, we undervote in votes, it t was teste an altered. ent version	each pre t will tabu was inclu s, if appli f applicat ed with a The trus n of the v	cinct and I slate ballot ded in the icable to thole. We fu hash valid sted hashe oting syste	ballot st is includ testing, he syste arther ce fation pi es for ea em and	yle was able to be ing precinct. The test group in being tested, irtify that a rocess to ensure ich unique device
endor.					
Software Version:					
Type of Device Tested		5	Serial Num	ber of D	Device
		_			
		_			
The test was successful and was concluded at		on	, ,		70.
[27]	(time)	- 24	(date)		16
Printed Name Preciding Luine	Deinte	of Mana	General C	Sumbo ellin	
Printed Name Presiding Judge of Central Counting Station		ction Re		Justodia	n
ociata occining occorr		Curoni i co	00,03		
Signature of Presiding Judge			eneral Cu	stodian	
f Central Counting Station	of Ele	ction Re	cords		
nstructions to Presiding Judge and General Custo he hash validation process must take place at the Pul nay be practiced in advance of the Public Logic and A erformance of the hash validation test may be certifies repare a written record of the changes to the program chieve a successful test and attach to this certification	blic Test for couracy Te d. If either of adjustme	st for pro or both of	ofing purpo the initial to	ses, but ests were	only the public not successful,
Ante: If your county does not use a Central Counting	Station on	ly the Ga	neral Cust-	dian of t	Election records in
Vote: If your county does not use a Central Counting equired to sign this form.	Station, on	ry the Ge	neral Custo	ogian of E	election records is
against to angel time form.			10	Print	Reset

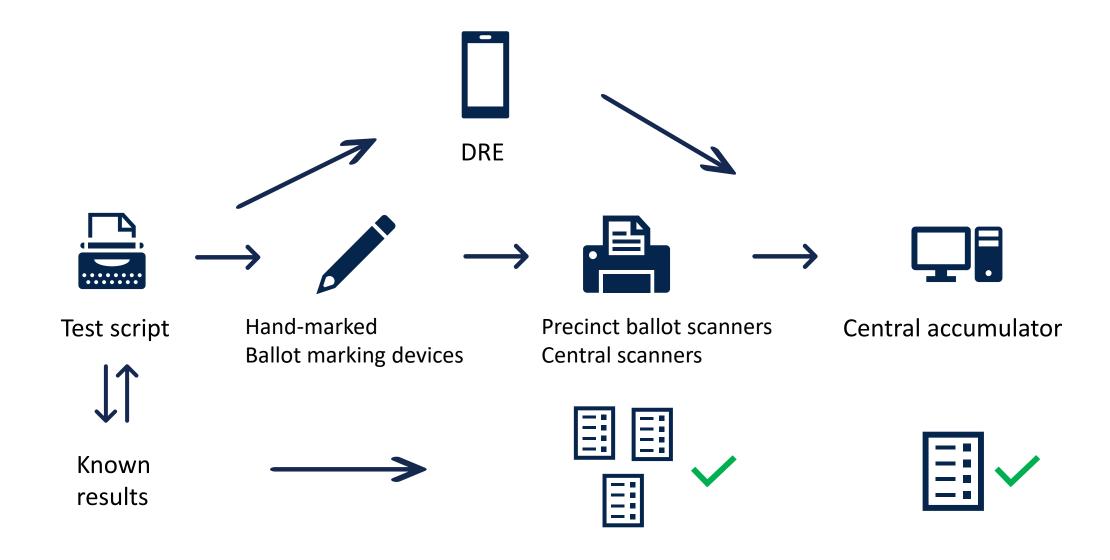
Hash Validation Summary

- 1. Trusted hashes must be obtained from the Office of the Secretary of State
 - Ensure the Secretary of State's email address is whitelisted and that you are allowed to receive compressed files by email.
- 2. Hash validation MUST be completed during Public L&A test.
 - Pre-testing is highly recommended, but only the public performance of the hash validation can be certified.
- 3. Hash validation MUST be conducted prior to casting test ballots.
 - If hash validation is not successful, the voting system may not be used or be repeated until successful.
- 4. Whenever possible, use an offline computer and new USB drives for testing.
- 5. Use an open source file integrity checker to compare your files
- 6. Document all proceedings and secure records and materials.

Logic and Accuracy Practice

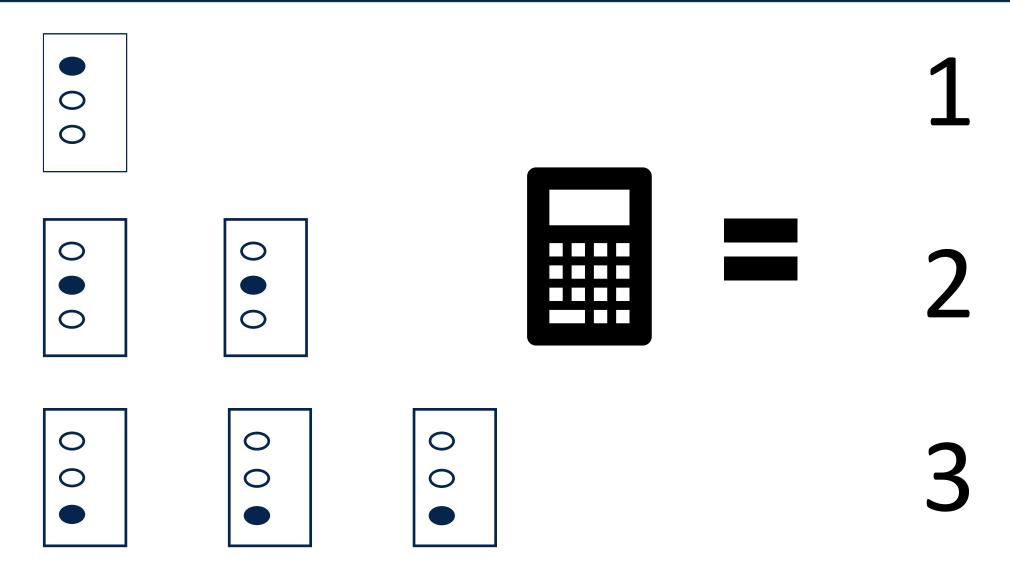
Why do we L&A test?

- Test voting system
- Public confidence
- Security



Test Script





←



Voting patterns

Candidate Total

A 1

B 2

C 3





Voting patterns

Candidate

Total

A

1

В

2

C

3

D

4

E

5

F

6

^{* =} Best Practice





Voting patterns

Candidate Total

A

3

C

D

E

F

1

2

3

1

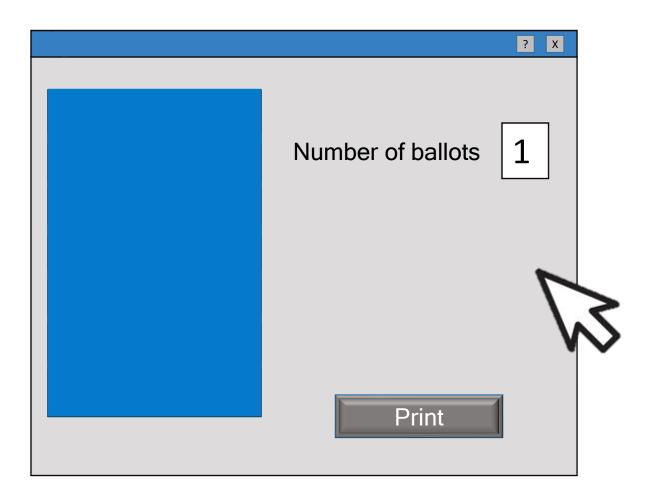
2

3

^{* =} Best Practice

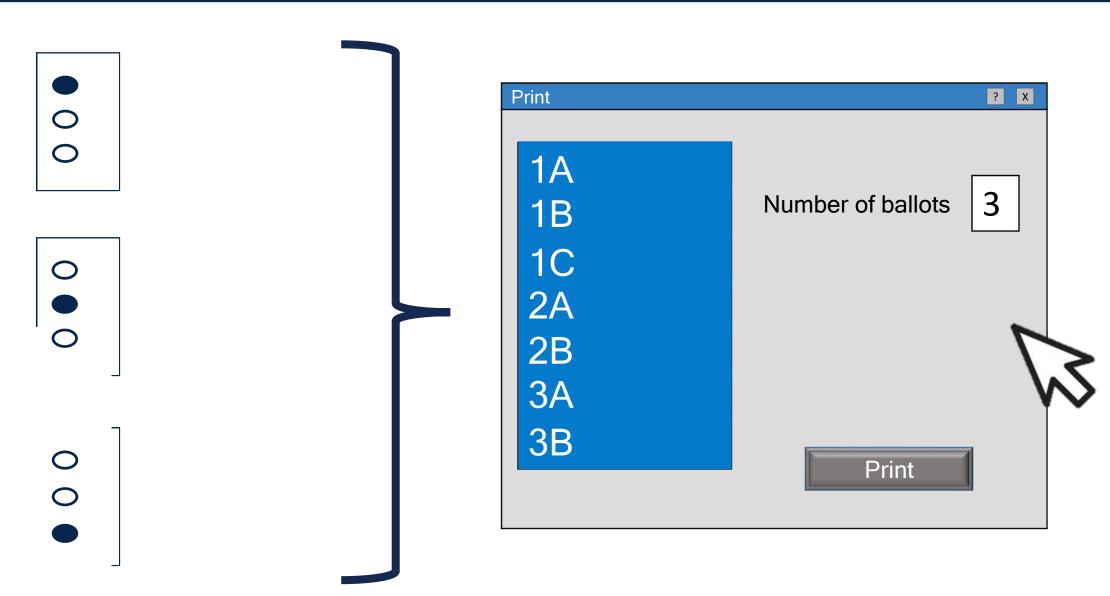


Every precinct/ballot style

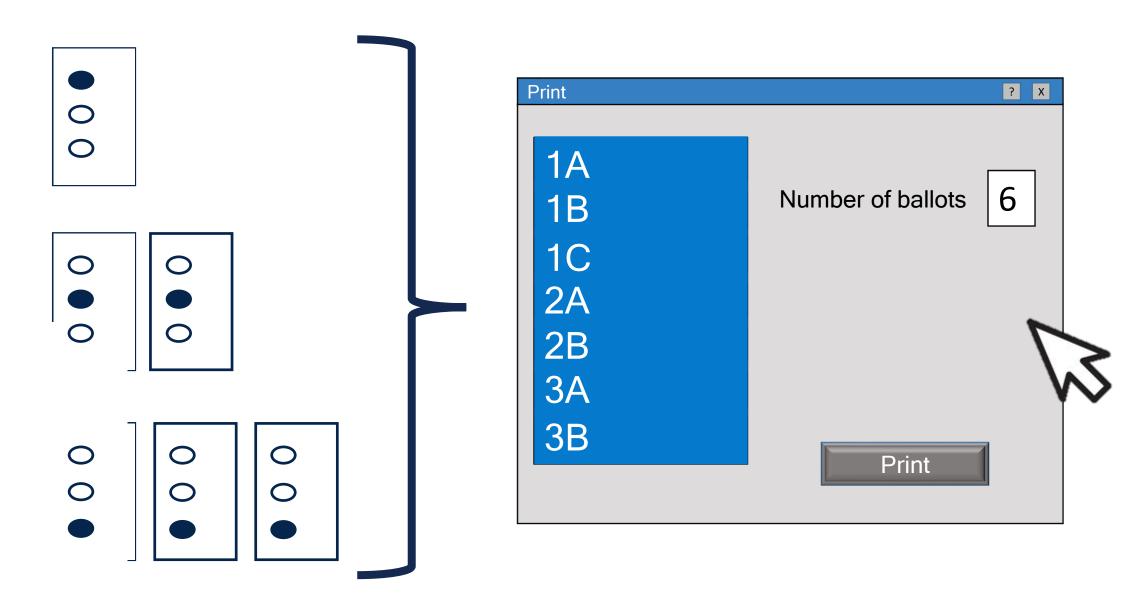








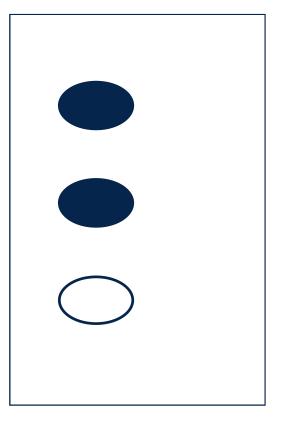




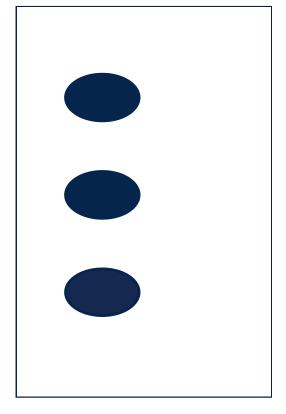


Overvotes





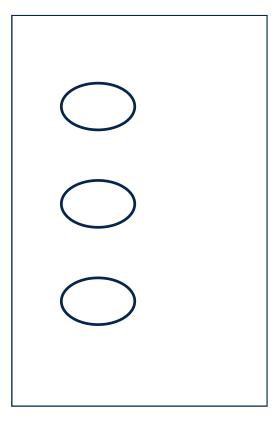
Vote for Two



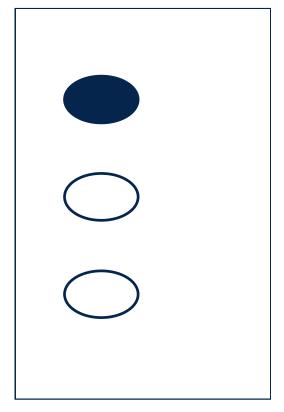


Undervotes

Vote for One



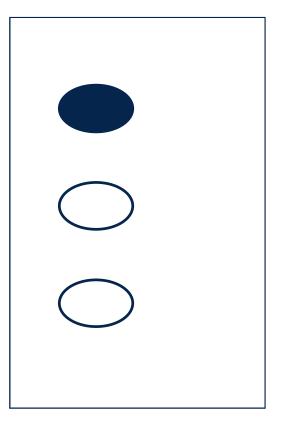
Vote for Two



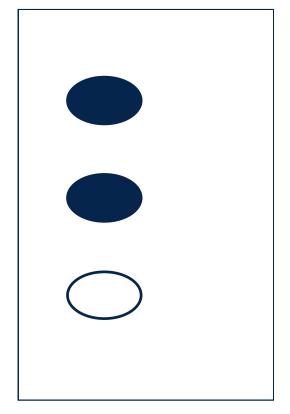


Maximum selections

Vote for One



Vote for Two





Write-ins





Write-ins

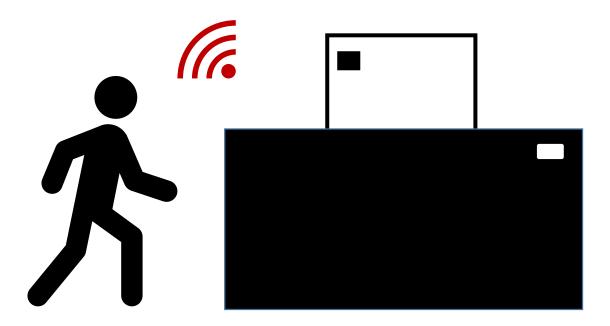
Vote for Three

0	Write-in
0	Write-in
0	Write-in



Provisional ballots – at polls







Provisional ballots - accepted





Test script components

- Every choice
- Every precinct/ballot style
- Overvotes
- Undervotes
- Write-ins
- Provisional ballots

Testing

Preparation

Print ballots

- Same paper stock
- Label "Test"
- Same method of printing*
 - Ballot on Demand
 - Vendor





Preparation

Burn media

By Mail

TEST

Early Voting

TEST

Election Day

TEST



Preparation

Configure equipment

- How many pieces?
- Date and time
- Load election
- Equipment settings



Marking the Test Deck

Hand-marked

- Same pens*
- Fold ballots*



Marking the Test Deck

Ballot marking devices

- Activation*
- Accessibility features
- Names on printout

Marking the test deck

DREs – Cast in teams of 2

- Date and time
- Print zero report
- Activation*
- Accessibility features
- Print results report and compare
 - Polling place count -1st Test of Tabulation system
- Central Count media to accumulator

Scanning the test deck

Precinct ballot scanners

- Print zero report
- Scan ballots in all 4 orientations*
- Print results report and compare
 - Polling place count 1st Test of Tabulation system
- Central Count media to accumulator

Central scanners

ES&S

- Print results report
- Adjudicate in EMS

Hart

- No results report
- Adjudicate in Central
- Write-ins

Test every type of equipment

- Hand-marked
- Ballot Marking
 Devices
- DRE
- ePollbooks*

- Precinct ballot scanners
- Central scanners
- Central accumulator
- Election Night Reporting*
- Remote results*

Tabulation Tests



Tabulation tests

Central Count

Presiding Judge conducts

Polling place count

- General Custodian conducts
- Test each piece of tabulating equipment

Central Count – 1st Test

- Print zero report
- Read media
- Adjudicate
- Print results and compare
- If results don't match find and correct error

Tests 2 and 3 – Central Count only

2nd Test

- Print zero report
- Read media from test 1
- Print results and compare

3rd Test

- Print zero report
- Read media from test 1
- Print results and compare

Before counting



After counting

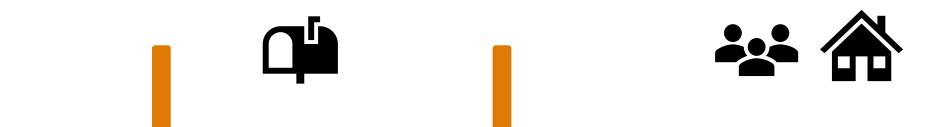
Review

- 1. Create test script
- 2. Print, Burn, and Configure
- 3. Mark/Cast
- 4. Scan
- 5. Count and compare

Other Considerations



Ballot corrections



- Retest entire ballot
- Always notify SOS





Practice test

- Learn roles
- Identify ballot errors
- Verify known results
- Also called proofing, internal or pretest

Vendor test decks

- Can be valuable time savers
- But consider adding your own test deck*
 - Every choice in the election
 - Every precinct/style
 - Use other source materials to create test
 - SOS website ballot certification information
 - Voter registration system





Advanced test decks

- Allow public observers to mark ballots
- Make selections using random number generator



Available Support



WEBINARS



TRAINING

ELECTIONS DIVISION
Elections@sos.texas.gov
1.800.252.8683
ELECTION SECURITY TRAINERS
ElectionSecurity@sos.texas.gov



RESOURCES